



TEST REPORT

Test item description: LoRa Module

Trademark(s):  

Model/Type reference: Ra-20

Applicant's name: Shenzhen Ai-Thinker Technology Co., Ltd

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Manufacturer: Shenzhen Ai-Thinker Technology Co., Ltd

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Prepared By: Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

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Sample Received Date: May. 06, 2026

Sample tested Date: May. 06, 2026 to Jul. 15, 2026

Issue Date: Jul. 15, 2026

Report No.: CTB26050609305RF03

Test Standards: ETSI EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1 (2017-02)
ETSI EN 300 220-2 V3.3.1 (2025-03)

Test Results: PASS

Remark: This is SRD-433MHz radio test report.

Compiled by:

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

Kai Chen

Martin Feng

Bin Mei

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Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the applicant. The authenticity, accuracy, and completeness of the provided information are the sole responsibility of the applicant. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The result decision rules of our laboratory are based solely on the direct comparison between the actual measured values of test results and the standard limits, without considering the measurement uncertainty. "★" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "✖" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.

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(Note: N/A means not applicable)

1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB26050609305RF03	Jul. 15, 2026	Original	Valid

2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement Clause (EN 300 220-2)	Test Method Clause (EN 300 220-1)	Results
Transmitter Parameters			
Operating frequency	Clause 4.2.1	Clause 5.1	PASS
Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Clause 4.2.2	Clause 5.9	PASS
TX effective radiated power	Clause 4.3.1	Clause 5.2	PASS
TX Maximum e.r.p. spectral density	Clause 4.3.2	Clause 5.3	N/A1
TX Duty cycle	Clause 4.3.3	Clause 5.4	PASS
TX Occupied bandwidth	Clause 4.3.4	Clause 5.6	PASS
TX out of band emissions	Clause 4.3.5	Clause 5.8	PASS
TX Transient	Clause 4.3.6	Clause 5.10	PASS
TX Adjacent channel power	Clause 4.3.7	Clause 5.11	N/A2
TX behaviour under low voltage conditions	Clause 4.3.8	Clause 5.12	PASS
TX Adaptive power control	Clause 4.3.9	Clause 5.13	N/A3
TX FHSS	Clause 4.3.10	N/A	N/A4
TX Short term behaviour	Clause 4.3.11	Clause 5.5	N/A5
Receiver Parameters			
RX sensitivity	Clause 4.4.1	Clause 5.14	N/A6
RX Blocking	Clause 4.4.2	Clause 5.18	PASS
Polite spectrum access conformance requirement			
Clear channel assessment threshold	Clause 4.5.2	Clause 5.21.2	N/A7
Polite spectrum access timing parameters	Clause 4.5.3	Clause 5.21.3	N/A7
Adaptive Frequency Agility	Clause 4.5.4	Clause 5.21.4	N/A8
N/A1: Applies to EUT using annex B band I. Applies to EUT using DSSS or wideband techniques other than FHSS modulation, using annex C band W, AA or AC. N/A2: Applies to EUT with OCW ≤ 25 kHz. N/A3: Applies to EUT with adaptive power control using annex C band AF. N/A4: Applies to FHSS EUT using the band 863 MHz to 870 MHz. N/A5: Applies to EUT using annex C bands AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, or AI. N/A6: Applies to EUT employing polite spectrum access. N/A7: Applies to EUT employing polite spectrum access. N/A8: Applies to EUT with AFA.			

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Item	Uncertainty
Occupancy bandwidth	54.3kHz
Conducted output power above 1G	0.9dB
Conducted output power below 1G	0.9dB
Power Spectral Density, Conduction	0.9dB
Conduction spurious emissions	2.0dB
Out of band emission	2.0dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	4.6dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	5.1dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	3.4dB
Receiver Reference Sensitivity level	1.9dB
Humidity uncertainty	5.5%
Temperature uncertainty	0.63°C
Frequency	1×10 ⁻⁷

4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

4.1 Product Information

Model/Type reference: Ra-20

Model Difference: N/A

SRD: 433MHz

Receiver Category: 2

Hardware Version: V1.0

Software Version: V1.0

Max. RF output power: 8.75dBm

Type of Modulation: FSK

Antenna installation: External antenna

Ratings: DC 3.3V PC power supply

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP Photographs for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
1.	Laptop	DELL	Vostro 5490	N/A	AE

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

4.4 Channel List

N/A

4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test mode	Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
Transmitting	/	433MHz	/
Receiving	/	433MHz	/

4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(DC)(V):	3.3
Low Voltage(DC)(V):	2.97
High Voltage(DC)(V):	3.64
Normal Temperature(°C) :	23
Low Temperature(°C) :	-10
High Temperature(°C) :	40

5. Test Facility and test Instrument Used

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

5.2 Test Instrument Used

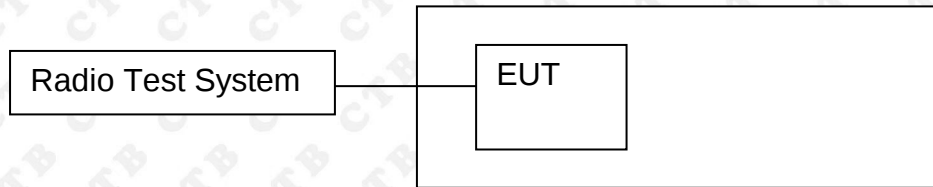
RF conduction and Radiation Test equipment

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated Date	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	A.14.16	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	/	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	/	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	A.01.60	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	A.01.87	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483.5MS-1154	20181015001	/	2026/5/16	2027/5/15
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850 MS-1155	20181015001	/	2026/5/16	2027/5/15
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA120	190821-1-1	/	2026/5/16	2027/5/15
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Microwave	MTS8310	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/	/
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	/	2025/10/20	2026/10/19
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Huihao	HT-HW-1000L	/	/	2026/7/12	2027/7/11
15	234G Automatic test software	Microwave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/	/
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966	/	/	2024/6/23	2027/6/22
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	RF_ATTEN_7 (104489/003)	2026/5/15	2027/5/14
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	/	2026/5/15	2027/5/14

19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2026/5/14	2027/5/13
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	/	2026/5/17	2027/5/16
21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	/	2026/5/15	2027/5/14
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	/	/	/
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	/	2026/5/17	2027/5/16
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	/	/	/
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	/	2026/6/1	2026/5/31
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	/	2026/6/1	2026/5/31
27	Power Meter	KEYSIGHT	N1912AP	N/A	A.05.00	2026/6/1	2026/5/31

6. Operating frequency

6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



6.2 Limit

Short Range Devices frequency ranges: 433,040 MHz to 434,790 MHz

6.3 Test procedure

N/A

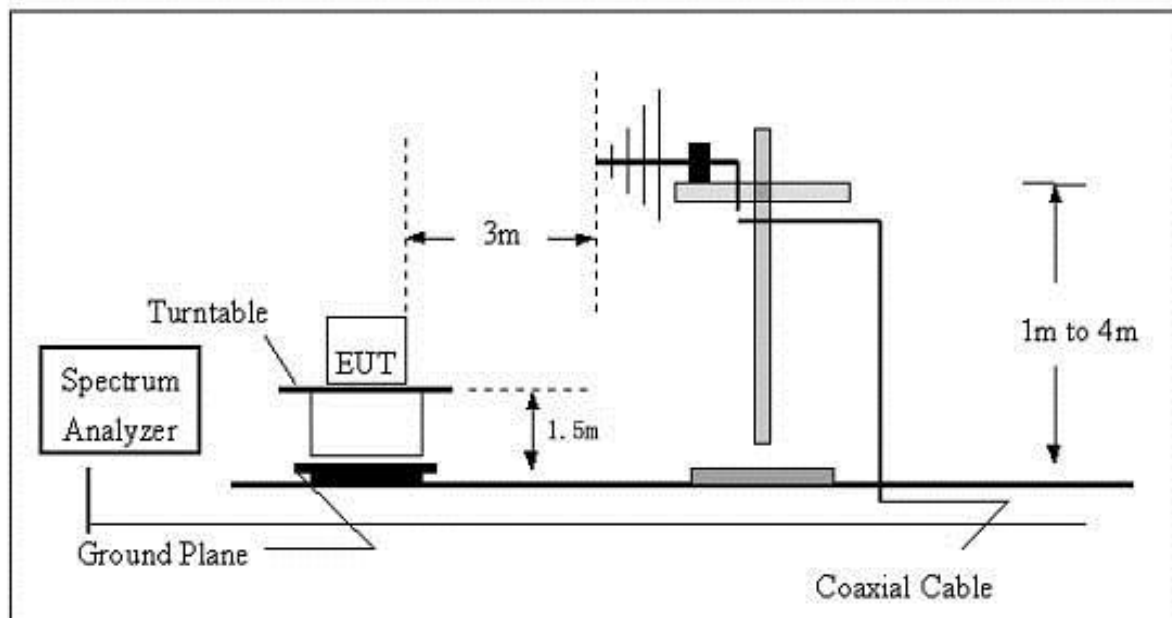
6.4 Test Result

Value	Notes
Operational Frequency band or bands	433.050-434.790MHz
Nominal Operating Frequency or Frequencies	433MHz
Operating Channel width(s) - OCW	124.86kHz
Note: Declared by the manufacturer	

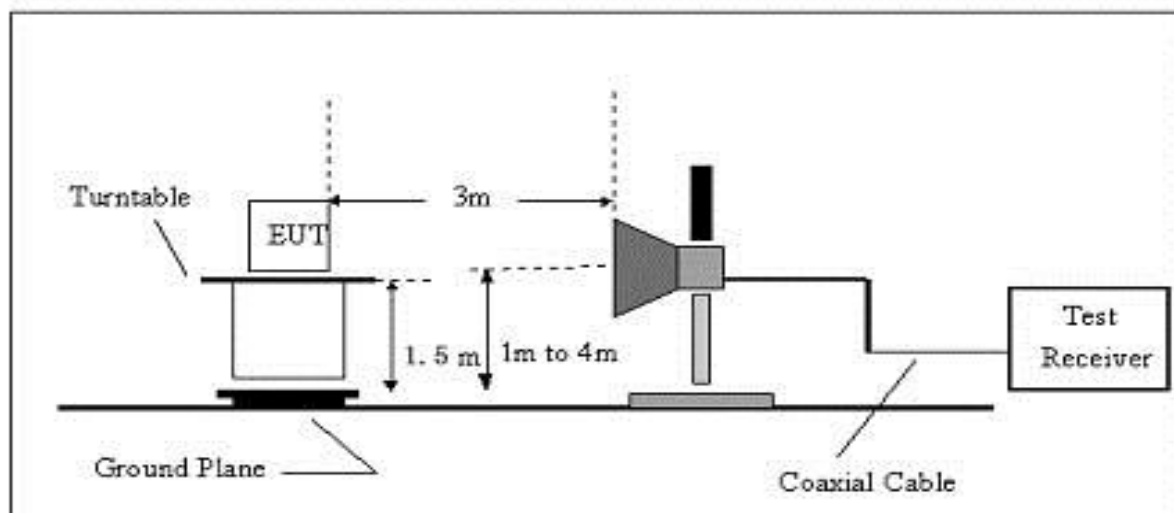
7. UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up Frequency Above 1 GHz



7.2 Receiver Setup:

Operating Mode	Frequency Range	RBW _{REF} (see note 2)	VBW	Detector mode
Transmit mode	$9\text{ kHz} \leq f < 150\text{ kHz}$	1 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$150\text{ kHz} \leq f < 30\text{ MHz}$	10 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$30\text{ MHz} \leq f < f_c - m$	100 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$f_c - m \leq f < f_c - n$	10 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$f_c - n \leq f < f_c - p$	1 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$f_c + p < f \leq f_c + n$	1 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$f_c + n < f \leq f_c + m$	10 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$f_c + m < f \leq 1\text{ GHz}$	100 kHz	3RBW	Peak
	$1\text{ GHz} < f \leq 6\text{ GHz}$	1 MHz	3RBW	Peak

NOTE 1: f is the measurement frequency.

f_c is the Operating Frequency.

m is 10 x OCW or 500 kHz, whichever is the greater.

n is 4 x OCW or 100 kHz, whichever is the greater.

p is 2,5 x OCW.

NOTE 2: If the value of RBW used for measurement is different from RBW_{REF} use bandwidth correction from EN 300 220-1 V3.3.1 (2025-03) clause 4.3.10.1.

7.3 Limits

Frequency range	Maximum power, e.r.p. ($\leq 1\text{ GHz}$) e.i.r.p. ($> 1\text{ GHz}$)	RBW/VBW
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
470 MHz to 862 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
862 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz/3MHz

7.4 Test Procedure

1. Scan from 25MHz to 6GHz, find the maximum radiation frequency to measure.
2. The technique used to find the Spurious Emissions of the transmitter was the antenna substitution method. Substitution method was performed to determine the actual ERP/EIRP emission levels of the EUT.

Test procedure as below:

- 1) The EUT was powered ON and placed on a 1.5m high table at a 3 meter fully Anechoic Chamber. The antenna of the transmitter was extended to its maximum length. modulation mode and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- 2) The EUT was set 3 meters (above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter) away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- 3) The disturbance of the transmitter was maximized on the test receiver display by raising and lowering from 1m to 4m the receive antenna and by rotating through 360° the turntable. After the fundamental emission was maximized, a field strength measurement was made.
- 4) Steps 1) to 3) were performed with the EUT and the receive antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization.
- 5) The transmitter was then removed and replaced with another antenna. The center of the antenna was approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter.
- 6) A signal at the disturbance was fed to the substitution antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With both the substitution and the receive antennas horizontally polarized, the receive antenna was raised and

lowered to obtain a maximum reading at the test receiver. The level of the signal generator was adjusted until the measured field strength level in step 3) is obtained for this set of conditions.

- 7) The output power into the substitution antenna was then measured.
- 8) Steps 6) and 7) were repeated with both antennas polarized.
- 9) Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

$$\text{ERP(dBm)} = P_{\text{SG}} (\text{dBm}) - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBd)}$$

$$\text{EIRP(dBm)} = P_{\text{SG}} (\text{dBm}) - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBi)}$$

$$\text{EIRP} = \text{ERP} + 2\text{dB}$$

where: P_g is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.

- 10) Test the EUT in the lowest channel, middle channel, the Highest channel

Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete..

7.5 Test Results

Below 1GHz

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
44.410	-55.08	-12.50	-67.58	-36.00	-31.58	peak	1.6	165	H
66.605	-54.97	-11.93	-66.91	-54.00	-12.91	peak	1.4	24	H
105.811	-55.53	-12.54	-68.07	-54.00	-14.07	peak	1.6	272	H
217.241	-53.00	-10.83	-63.82	-54.00	-9.82	peak	1.7	276	H
326.703	-52.78	-9.86	-62.63	-36.00	-26.63	peak	1.3	116	H
870.595	-52.37	0.04	-52.34	-36.00	-16.34	peak	1.4	351	H
47.822	-54.70	-11.98	-66.68	-36.00	-30.68	peak	1.7	155	V
101.108	-54.92	-12.04	-66.96	-54.00	-12.96	peak	1.9	289	V
182.523	-55.74	-12.14	-67.88	-54.00	-13.88	peak	1.3	25	V
219.328	-52.85	-10.89	-63.74	-54.00	-9.74	peak	1.6	263	V
327.506	-53.49	-9.63	-63.12	-36.00	-27.12	peak	1.5	264	V
871.000	-51.76	0.18	-51.58	-36.00	-15.58	peak	1.2	286	V

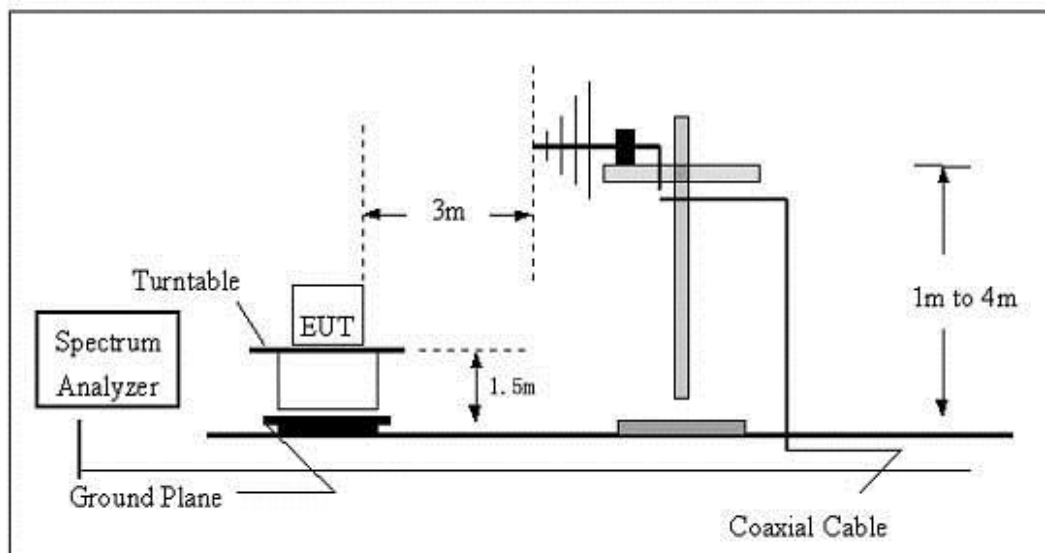
Above 1GHz

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBm)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
1300.900	-54.85	-0.93	-55.78	-30.00	-25.78	peak	1.8	18	H
2170.608	-55.39	2.79	-52.60	-30.00	-22.60	peak	1.7	261	H
3635.338	-55.81	5.58	-50.23	-30.00	-20.23	peak	1.7	273	H
4762.136	-53.12	8.48	-44.64	-30.00	-14.64	peak	1.4	287	H
5972.206	-53.22	11.37	-41.85	-30.00	-11.85	peak	1.0	84	H
7248.761	-52.61	12.70	-39.91	-30.00	-9.91	peak	1.4	253	H
1302.705	-54.77	-0.84	-55.61	-30.00	-25.61	peak	1.4	21	V
1737.189	-54.82	-0.22	-55.04	-30.00	-25.04	peak	1.4	268	V
2170.312	-56.11	2.82	-53.29	-30.00	-23.29	peak	1.2	270	V
2898.140	-53.16	4.50	-48.66	-30.00	-18.66	peak	1.1	283	V
4257.591	-52.68	8.98	-43.70	-30.00	-13.70	peak	1.8	84	V
5941.180	-52.18	11.42	-40.76	-30.00	-10.76	peak	1.2	251	V

8. TX EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



8.2 Limits

Frequency(MHz)	Limit(ERP,mW)
433.92	10
868.40	25

8.3 Test Procedure

- 1) The EUT was powered ON and placed on a 1.5m high table at a 3 meter fully Anechoic Chamber. The antenna of the transmitter was extended to its maximum length. Modulation mode and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- 2) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- 3) The disturbance of the transmitter was maximized on the test receiver display by raising and lowering from 1m to 4m the receive antenna and by rotating through 360° the turntable. After the fundamental emission was maximized, a field strength measurement was made.
- 4) Steps 1) to 3) were performed with the EUT and the receive antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization.
- 5) The transmitter was then removed and replaced with another antenna. The center of the antenna was approximately at the same location as the center of the transmitter.
- 6) A signal at the disturbance was fed to the substitution antenna by means of a non-radiating cable. With both the substitution and the receive antennas horizontally polarized, the receive antenna was raised and lowered to obtain a maximum reading at the test receiver. The level of the signal generator was adjusted until the measured field strength level in step 3) is obtained for this set of conditions.
- 7) The output power into the substitution antenna was then measured.
- 8) Steps 6) and 7) were repeated with both antennas polarized.
- 9) Calculate power in dBm by the following formula:

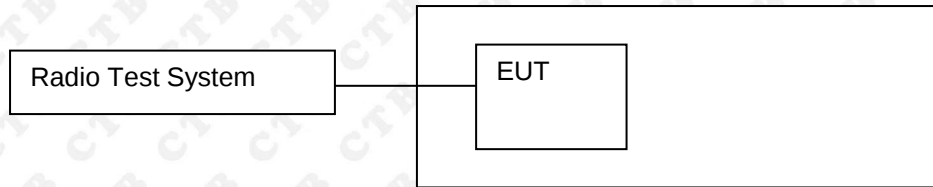
$$ERP(dBm) = P_{SG} (dBm) - \text{cable loss (dB)} + \text{antenna gain (dBd)}$$
 Where: P_{SG} is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.
- 10) Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,middle channel, the Highest channel

8.4 Test Results

Measurement Conditions		Operation Frequency (MHz)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Temperature	Voltage				
Normal	Normal	433	8.750	10	PASS
High	High	433	8.571	10	PASS
	Low	433	8.616	10	PASS
Low	High	433	8.555	10	PASS
	Low	433	8.595	10	PASS

9. TX DUTY CYCLE

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

Limit: 10%

9.3 Test procedure

Duty cycle is the ratio expressed as a percentage, of the cumulative duration of transmissions T_{on_cum} within an observation interval T_{obs} . $DC = (T_{on_cum} / T_{obs}) F_{obs}$.

on an observation bandwidth F_{obs} .

Unless otherwise specified, T_{obs} is 1 hour and the observation bandwidth F_{obs} is the operational frequency band.

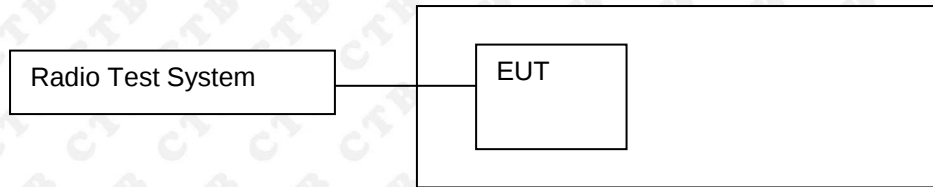
Each transmission consists of an RF emission, or sequence of RF emissions separated by intervals $< T_{Dis}$.

9.4 Test Result

The duty cycle was not exceeded 10% in a period of 1 hour, which was declared by the manufacturer

10. TX OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limit

The Operating Channel shall be declared and shall reside entirely within the Operational Frequency Band. The Maximum Occupied Bandwidth at 99 % shall reside entirely within the Operating Channel defined by F_{low} and F_{high} .

10.3 Test procedure

Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	The nominal Operating Frequency	The highest or lowest Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer
RBW	1 % to 3 % of OCW without being below 100 Hz	
VBW	3 x RBW	Nearest available analyser setting to 3 x RBW
Span	At least 2 x Operating Channel width	Span should be large enough to include all major components of the signal and its side bands
Detector Mode	RMS	
Trace	Max hold	

Step 1:

Operation of the EUT shall be started, on the highest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal.

The signal attenuation shall be adjusted to ensure that the signal power envelope is sufficiently above the noise floor of the analyser to avoid the noise signals on either side of the power envelope being included in the measurement.

Step 2:

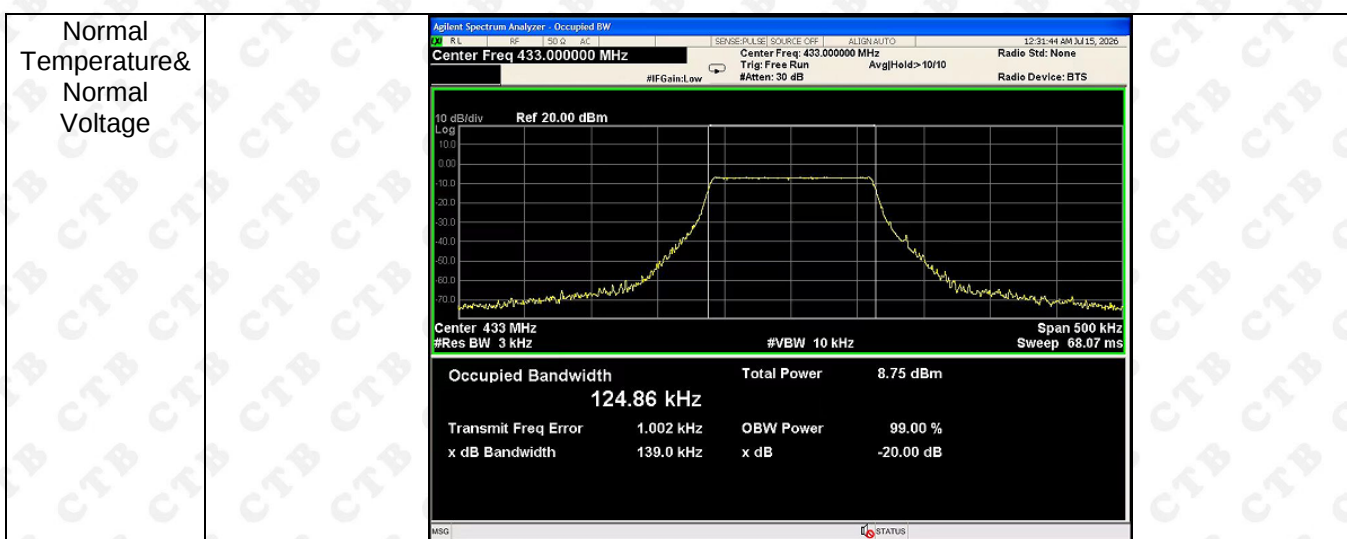
When the trace is completed the peak value of the trace shall be located and the analyser marker placed on this peak.

Step 3:

The 99 % occupied bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser shall be used to measure the occupied bandwidth of the signal.

10.4 Test Result

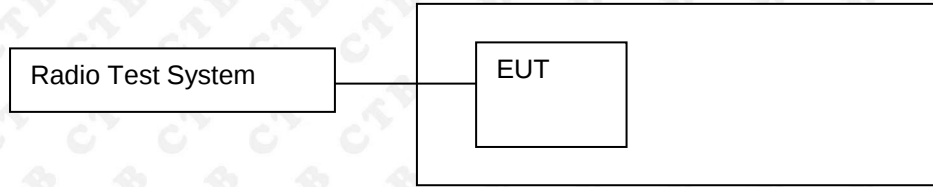
Measurement Conditions		Operation Frequency (MHz)	OBW (kHz)	Result
Temperature	Voltage			
Normal	Normal	433	124.86	PASS
High	High	433	124.860	PASS
	Low	433	124.851	PASS
Low	High	433	124.858	PASS
	Low	433	124.854	PASS



Remark: This Report only show the test plots of the worst case.

11. TX OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

Domain	Frequency Range	RBW _{REF}	Max power limit
OOB limits applicable to Operational Frequency Band (See Figure 6)	$f \leq f_{\text{low_OFB}} - 400 \text{ kHz}$	10 kHz	-36 dBm
	$F_{\text{low_OFB}} - 400 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq f_{\text{low_OFB}} - 200 \text{ kHz}$	1 kHz	-36 dBm
	$f_{\text{low}} - 200 \text{ kHz} \leq f < f_{\text{low_OFB}}$	1 kHz	See Figure 6
	$f = f_{\text{low_OFB}}$	1 kHz	0 dBm
	$f = f_{\text{high_OFB}}$	1 kHz	0 dBm
	$F_{\text{high_OFB}} < f \leq f_{\text{high_OFB}} + 200 \text{ kHz}$	1 kHz	See Figure 6
	$F_{\text{high_OFB}} + 200 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq f_{\text{high_OFB}} + 400 \text{ kHz}$	1 kHz	-36 dBm
OOB limits applicable to Operating Channel (See Figure 5)	$F_{\text{high_OFB}} + 400 \text{ kHz} \leq f$	10 kHz	-36 dBm
	$f = f_c - 2.5 \times \text{OCW}$	1 kHz	-36 dBm
	$f_c - 2.5 \times \text{OCW} \leq f \leq f_c - 0.5 \times \text{OCW}$	1 kHz	See Figure 5
	$f = f_c - 0.5 \times \text{OCW}$	1 kHz	0 dBm
	$f = f_c + 0.5 \times \text{OCW}$	1 kHz	0 dBm
	$f_c + 0.5 \times \text{OCW} \leq f \leq f_c + 2.5 \times \text{OCW}$	1 kHz	See Figure 5
	$f = f_c + 2.5 \times \text{OCW}$	1 kHz	-36 dBm

NOTE: f is the measurement frequency.
 f_c is the Operating Frequency.
 $F_{\text{low_OFB}}$ is the lower edge of the Operational Frequency Band.
 $F_{\text{high_OFB}}$ is the upper edge of the Operational Frequency Band.
OCW is the operating channel bandwidth.

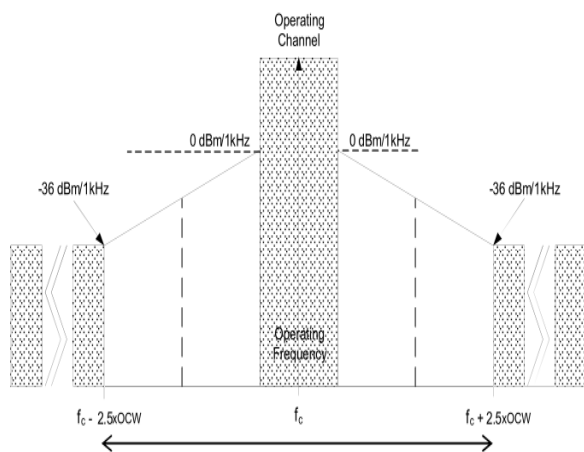


Figure 5: Out Of Band Domain for Operating Channel with reference BW

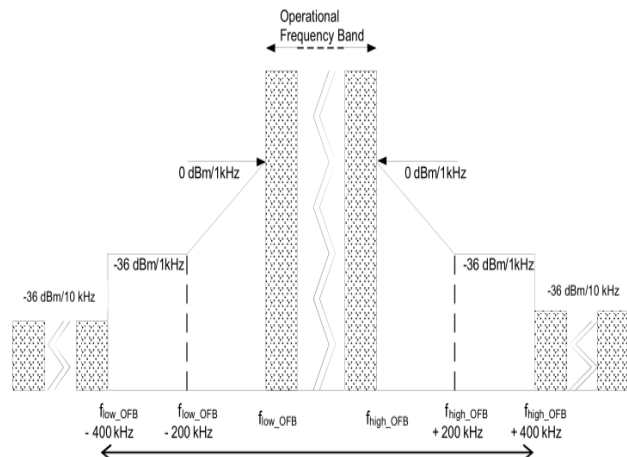


Figure 6: Out Of Band Domain for Operational Frequency Band with reference BW

11.3 Test procedure

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	Operating Frequency	
Span	6 x Operating Channel width	
RBW	1 kHz (see note)	Resolution bandwidth for Out Of Band domain measurements
Detector Function	RMS	
Trace Mode	Linear AVG	Applies only for EUT generating D-M2 test signal. An appropriate number of samples should be averaged to give a stable reading
	Max Hold	Applies only for EUT generating D-M2a or D-M3 test signal.
NOTE: If the value of RBW used is different from RBW_{REF} in clause 5.8.2, use the bandwidth correction in clause 4.3.10.1.		

Step 1:

Operation of the EUT shall be started, on the highest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal.

The signal shape is recorded when stable and shall be below the spectrum mask Out Of Band for operating channel.

Step 2:

The test equipment shall be reconfigured as appropriate for the parameter shown below.

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	$f_{c_{low}}$	The lowest Operating Frequency in the band
Span	$2 \times (500 \text{ kHz} + f_{c_{low}} - f_{low_OFB})$	Ensures that the left most mask specification remains within the span
NOTE: f_{low_OFB} is the lower edge of the Operational Frequency Band.		

Operation of the EUT is restarted, with the appropriate test signal, on the lowest operating frequency as declared by the manufacturer.

If the equipment is using only one operating Frequency in the operational Frequency Band, measurement shall be performed the nominal operating frequency.

The signal shape is recorded when stable; and shall be below the spectrum mask for operating channel and the spectrum mask for operational frequency band.

Step 3:

The test equipment shall be reconfigured as appropriate for the parameter shown below.

Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
Centre frequency	$f_{c_{high}}$	the highest Operating Frequency in the band
Span	$2 \times (500 \text{ kHz} + f_{high_OFB} - f_{c_{high}})$	Ensures that the rightmost mask specification remains within the span
NOTE: f_{high_OFB} is the higher edge of the operational frequency Band.		

Operation of the EUT is restarted, with the appropriate test signal, on the highest Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer.

If the equipment is using only one Operating Frequency in the Operational Frequency Band, measurement shall be performed at the nominal Operating Frequency

The signal shape is recorded when stable and shall be below the spectrum mask for Out Of Band emissions for operating channel and for operational Frequency Band.

Step 4:

For frequency agile devices, the measurement shall be repeated in each Operational Frequency Band.

Step 5:

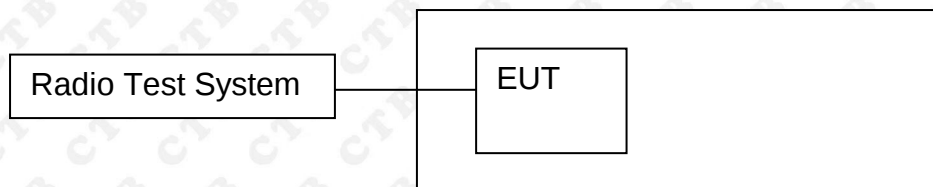
Where required (see clause 5.8.3.1 condition 1), the measurements in step 1 to step 5 shall be repeated under extreme test conditions.

11.4 Test Result

Frequency Range	Test Result (dBm)	Max power limit (dBm)
$f \leq \text{flow_OFB} - 400 \text{ kHz}$	-45.34	-36
$\text{Flow_OFB} - 400 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq \text{flow_OFB} - 200 \text{ kHz}$	-41.56	-36
$\text{flow} - 200 \text{ kHz} \leq f < \text{flow_OFB}$	-27.04	See Figure 6
$f = \text{flow_OFB}$	-5.75	0
$f = \text{fhigh_OFB}$	-7.00	0
$\text{Fhigh_OFB} < f \leq \text{fhigh_OFB} + 200 \text{ kHz}$	-21.97	See Figure 6
$\text{Fhigh_OFB} + 200 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq \text{fhigh_OFB} + 400 \text{ kHz}$	-40.63	-36
$\text{Fhigh_OFB} + 400 \text{ kHz} \leq f$	-42.77	-36
Remark: The limits decrease linearly with the logarithm .		

12. TX TRANSIENT

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

Absolute offset from centre frequency	RBW _{REF}	Peak power limit applicable at measurement points
≤ 400 kHz	1 kHz	0 dBm
> 400 kHz	1 kHz	-27 dBm

12.3 Test procedure

The output of the EUT shall be connected to a spectrum analyser or equivalent measuring equipment.

The measurement shall be undertaken in zero span mode. The analyser's centre frequency shall be set to an offset from the operating centre frequency. These offset values and their corresponding RBW configurations are listed below.

Table 24: RBW for Transient Measurement

Measurement points: offset from centre frequency	Analyser RBW	RBW _{REF}
-0,5 x OCW - 3 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 3 kHz Not applicable for OCW < 25 kHz	1 kHz	1kHz
±12,5 kHz or ±OCW whichever is the greater	Max (RBW pattern 1, 3, 10 kHz) ≤ Offset frequency/6 (see note)	1 kHz
-0,5 x OCW - 400 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 400 kHz	100 kHz	1 kHz
-0,5 x OCW - 1 200 kHz 0,5 x OCW + 1 200 kHz	300 kHz	1 kHz
NOTE: Max (RBW pattern 1, 3, 10 kHz) means the maximum bandwidth that falls into the commonly implemented 1, 3, 10 kHz RBW filter bandwidth incremental pattern of spectrum analysers. EXAMPLE: If OCW is 25 kHz then the RBW value corresponding to one OCW offset frequency is 3 kHz. The rest of the analyser settings are listed in Table 25, and if OCW is 250 kHz then the RBW value corresponding to one OCW offset frequency is 30 kHz.		

Table 25: Parameters for Transient Measurement

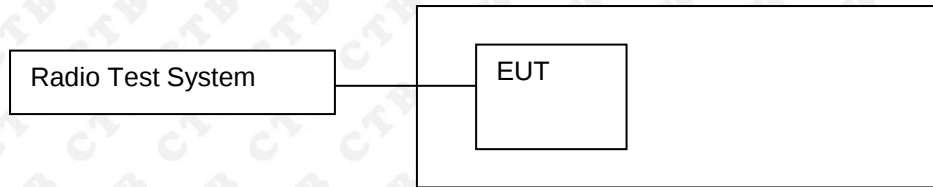
Spectrum Analyser Setting	Value	Notes
VBW/RBW	10	At higher RBW values VBW may be clipped to its maximum value
Sweep time	500 ms	
RBW filter	Gaussian	
Trace Detector Function	RMS	
Trace Mode	Max hold	
Sweep points	501	
Measurement mode	Continuous sweep	
NOTE: The ratio between the number of sweep points and the sweep time shall be the same ratio as above if different number of sweep points is used.		

12.4 Test Result

Absolute offset from centre frequency	Peak power limit applicable at measurement points	Test Value	Test results
≤ 400 kHz	0 dBm	-12.26dBm	Pass
> 400 kHz	-27 dBm	-32.11dBm	Pass

13. TX BEHAVIOUR UNDER LOW VOLTAGE CONDITIONS

13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



13.2 Limit

The equipment shall either:

- a) remain in the Operating Channel OC without exceeding any applicable limits (e.g. Duty Cycle); or
 - b) reduce its effective radiated power below the Spurious Emission limits without exceeding any applicable limits (e.g. Duty Cycle); or
 - c) shut down, (ceasing function);
- as the voltage falls below the manufacturers declared operating voltage.

13.3 Test procedure

Step 1:

Operation of the EUT shall be started, on Operating Frequency as declared by the manufacturer, with the appropriate test signal and with the EUT operating at nominal operating voltage.

The centre frequency of the transmitted signal shall be measured and noted.

Step 2:

The operating voltage shall be reduced by appropriate steps until the voltage reaches zero.

The centre frequency of the transmitted signal shall be measured and noted.

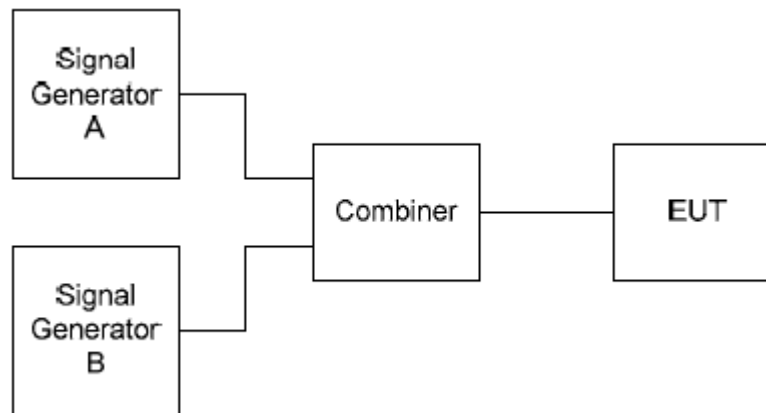
Any abnormal behaviour shall be noted.

13.4 Test Result

Test Voltage	Test result
DC 3.6V	ok
DC 2.97V	ok
DC 2.64V	ok
DC 1.98V	Not ok

14. RX BLOCKING

14.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



14.2 Limit

RX category 3

Requirement	Limits
	Receiver category 3
Blocking at ± 2 MHz from OC edge f_{high} and f_{low}	≥ -80 dBm
Blocking at ± 10 MHz from OC edge f_{high} and f_{low}	≥ -60 dBm
Blocking at ± 5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	≥ -60 dBm

RX category 2

Requirement	Limits
	Receiver category 2
Blocking at ± 2 MHz from OC edge f_{high} and f_{low}	≥ -69 dBm
Blocking at ± 10 MHz from OC edge f_{high} and f_{low}	≥ -44 dBm
Blocking at ± 5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	≥ -44 dBm

RX category 1.5

Requirement	Limits
	Receiver category 1.5
Blocking at ± 2 MHz from OC edge f_{high} and f_{low}	≥ -43 dBm
Blocking at ± 10 MHz from OC edge f_{high} and f_{low}	≥ -33 dBm
Blocking at ± 5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	≥ -33 dBm

RX category 1

Requirement	Limits
	Receiver category 1
Blocking at ± 2 MHz from Centre Frequency	≥ -20 dBm
Blocking at ± 10 MHz from Centre Frequency	≥ -20 dBm
Blocking at ± 5 % of Centre Frequency or 15 MHz, whichever is the greater	≥ -20 dBm

14.3 Test procedure

Signal generator A shall be set to an appropriate modulated test signal at the operating frequency of the EUT receiver.

Signal generator B shall be unmodulated.

Measurements shall be carried out at frequencies of the unwanted signal at approximately the frequency(ies) offset(s) defined in technical requirement avoiding those frequencies at which spurious responses occur.

Additional

measurement points may be requested by technical requirements clause.

If several operational frequency bands are used by the equipment, at least one blocking measurement by bands has to be performed.

Step 1:

Signal generator B shall be powered off. Signal generator A shall be set to the minimum level which gives the wanted performance criterion of EUT or the reference level in Table 32, whichever is the higher. The output level of generator A shall then be increased by 3 dB unless otherwise specified in technical requirement.

Step 2:

Signal generator B is powered on and set to operate at the nominal operating frequency - offset frequency.

Signal generator B is then switched on and the signal amplitude is adjusted to the minimum level at which the wanted performance criterion is not achieved.

With signal generator B settings unchanged, the receiver shall be replaced with a suitable RF power measuring equipment. The power into the measuring equipment shall be measured and noted.

The blocking level is then the conducted power received from generator B at the EUT antenna connector.

This can either be measured on the antenna connector for conducted test or be calculated for radiated test (see clause C.5.4).

The blocking level shall be higher or equal to the blocking power level requested in the technical requirement clause.

Step 3:

The measurement in steps 1 to 3 shall be repeated with signal offsets at required frequencies.

Step 4:

The information shown in below Table shall be recorded in the test report for each measured signal level and unwanted signal offset.

Value	Notes
Operating Frequency	Nominal centre frequency of the receiver
Signal generator A	Power level of signal generator A
Blocking level	Power level of signal generator B

14.4 Test Result

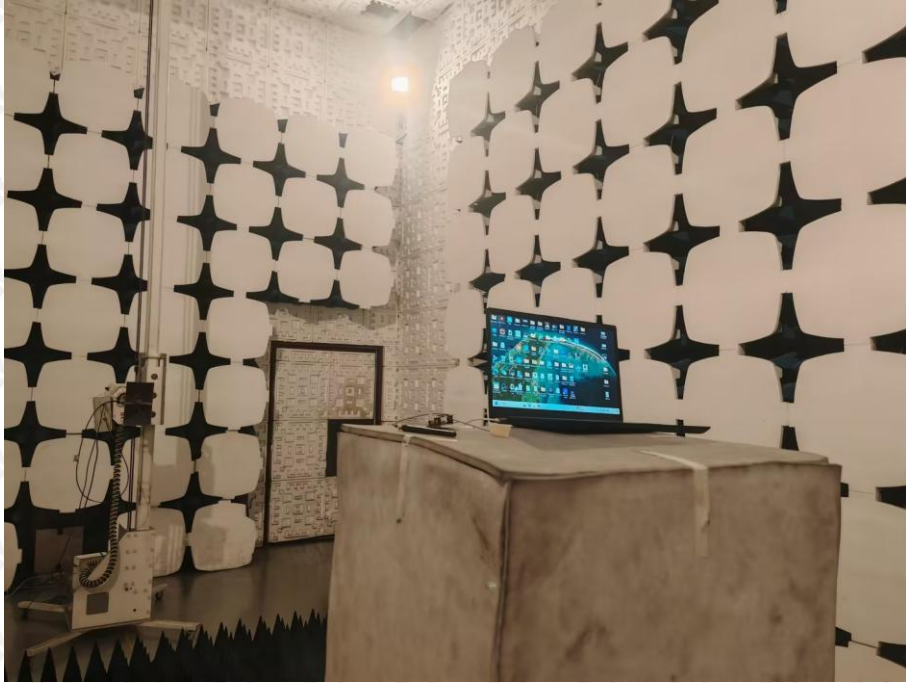
Requirement (MHz)	Result (dBm)	Limit Receiver category 2 (dBm)
Blocking at -2 MHz from OC edge f_{low}	-53.66	≥ -69
Blocking at +2 MHz from OC edge f_{high}	-55.72	≥ -69
Blocking at -10 MHz from OC edge f_{low}	-36.91	≥ -44
Blocking at +10 MHz from OC edge f_{high}	-36.78	≥ -44
Blocking at -5 % of Centre Frequency edge f_{low}	-33.54	≥ -44
Blocking at +5 % of Centre Frequency edge f_{high}	-34.36	≥ -44

15. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Refer to Report No.CTB26050609305RE02 for EUT external and internal photos.

16. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Radiated emissions above 1G

******* END OF REPORT *******